An *ACCOUNT* of the ſeveral Treaties of the *Allies*, with the Crown of *France*.

Dantzick, October 12.

OUR laſt Advices from *Poland* ſay, That the new King's Affairs go on with all the ſucceſs that can be deſired; and that his Majeſty, by the Advice of his beſt Counſellors, was reſolved to go to *Lemberg*, to receive the Homage of the *Poliſh* Army in the Neighbourhood of that place, before he go to *Warſaw*. In the mean time 300000 Florins, raiſed by a certain Impoſt ſince the late King's death, is ready here to be diſpoſed of as his Majeſty ſhall think fit. The Prince of *Conti* hath not yet dar'd to go to *Marienburg*, nor to ſtay one Night aſhoar, but keeps for the moſt part on board. *Craici Coronni*, the chief of his Party in the Neighbourhood, hath not as yet got above 400 *Poles* together at *Oliva* for *Conti*'s Service: And the Caſtellan *Bidgouski Niemenouski*, having come ſome days ago to ſalute the Prince of *Conti*, in a very reverend manner, he thought himſelf not kindly enough receiv'd, and thereupon rode immediatly away, with 40 of his Retinue; whereof the Prince having ask'd the reaſon, the Cardinal told him, That the *Poles* lov'd to be complimented. Many others have alſo deſerted him, becauſe they have been diſappointed of their Money, in which they reckon'd to have wallowed. It's now ſaid, that the Princes Creatures deſign to go to *Lithuania*, to try their fortune there, but with as little appearance of ſucceſs as they have had in *Pruſſia*. Our Senate have now 4000 Soldiers on Foot, beſide 6 Companies of Burghers, who keep Guard day and night.

Hague, October 21. To day the Peace betwixt us and *France* was publiſh'd here with much ſolemnity, according to which all Hoſtilities are to ceaſe in four Weeks, time beginning from the 21ſt of *October* 1697. being the day of publication here, and reaching to the 18th of *November* in the Eaſt and North Sea, from *Terneuſe* in *Norway* to the end of the Channel, and from thence to Cape St. *Vincent*, after the 2d of *December*; and from thence after the 30th of *December* to the Line, and after the 21ſt of *June* 98, all over the World. The 6th of *November* is to be obſerved here as a day of General Thankſgiving. The Ratification from *Spain* is not yet arriv'd, but that under the Great Seal of *England* was exchang'd on the 17th, *N. S.* We expect every day that the *German* Miniſters will terminate their Affairs ſo as to Sign the Treaty. Yeſterday an Engliſh Ketch was ſtranded at *Heye*, but the Crew ſav'd. The Earl of *Portland* is gone hence again to *Loo*. The Earl of *Manchester* being bound to *Venice* on his Embaſſy, hath been here with the Engliſh Ambaſſadors. Vice-Admiral *Everts*, and our Men of War from *England*, is arriv'd at *Middleburg*.

The Treaty of Peace betwixt *France* and *Spain* conſiſts of 38 Articles; the chief of which are, That there ſhall be a perpetual Peace betwixt the two Kings, their Heirs, Succeſſors, and Dominions. That *Gironne*, *Roſes*, *Belveder*, *Barcelona*, and all others taken ſince the Treaty of *Nimeguen*, ſhall be reſtored to *Spain*, in the ſame Condition they were taken. That the Town, Citadel and Dutchy of *Luxemburg*, with the Artillery taken therein, the County of *Chiny* and their dependencies ſhall be reſtored in the preſent ſtate. *Charleroy* the like. *Mons* and its dependencies the like, except 16 Villages which are named *Courtray*, with the Artillery therein found, and it's dependencies, as they are at preſent. All ſuch Places taken before or on the Day of this Peace, in what place of the World ſoever, ſhall be mutually reſtored by the ſaid two Kings. All the Places re-united by the moſt Chriſtian King, ſince the Treaty of *Nimeguen*, ſhall be reſtored to *Spain*, according to the Liſt, with their Sovereignity, immediatly after the Ratifications, except 82 Villages which the King of *France* pretends to, as the dependencies of *Charlemont*, *Maubeuge*, &c. which ſhall be treated of by Commiſſioners on both ſides, or left to the Arbitriment of the States of *Holland*. The *French* ſhall have the uſe of the Waggons in the Neighbourhood for two Months, to carry off their Artillery, *&c.* All Priſoners ſhall be releaſed without ranſom, on paying their Debts. That the Subjects on both ſides ſhall have freedom of Trade one with another, paying the ordinary Impoſts. That all Papers belonging to the reſtored Places, as alſo thoſe taken from the Citadel of *Ghent* and the Chamber of *Ryſſel*, ſhall be reſtored. That all Contributions and Arrears ſhall mutually ceaſe, after the Ratification. The Subjects of both ſides ſhall be reſtored to their Eſtates, but without any expectation of Arrears or Rents from one another, during the War. No Goods or Effects confiſcated, ſhall be levied on either ſide. And thoſe that have ſerved the contrary ſide, ſhall be reſtored

ſtored to their Eſtates, and the Protection of their Sovereign. Which Re-eſtabliſhment ſhall be performed according to the 21ſt and 22d Articles of the Treaty of *Nimiguen*. The 24th and 25th Articles, concerning Benefices, ſhall be executed; ſo that thoſe who have Offices ſhall hold 'em. The Subjects of either Prince are at free liberty to diſpoſe of the Eſtates they have under either. Each of the Kings ſhall pay the Taxes the Generality of their Subjects is tax'd in, as ſhall be regulated by Commiſſioners. The Rents ſettled upon the Dominions by the foreſaid Treaties, ſhall be paid to whom they are due. All the Prizes taken in 4 Weeks after the Publication, betwixt *Ferneuſe* in *Norway* and the end of the Canal, ſhal be reſtored in 6 weeks to the Cape of St. *Vincent*; 10 weeks to the *Mediterranean*, and to the Line; and in 8 Months all over the World. In caſe of a new Rupture, the Subjects of each are to have 6 Months to return their effects. The Troops are to retire to their own Territories immediatly, on the Ratification. The Rents of the Lands ſhall be continued to the Poſſeſſors till the Day of Reſtitution. The Treaty of *Nimeguen* ſhall be executed, except where it is herein otherwiſe provided or altered. The Licenſes granted by the Parliament of *Tournay*, ſhall take effect during the French Kings poſſeſſion. The Town and Caſtle of *Dinant* ſhall be reſtored to the Biſhop of *Liege* as they were taken. The King of *Spain* ſhall reſtore *Ponza* to the Duke of *Parma*. The Treaty 'twixt *France and Savoy* in 1696. ſhall be comprized in this. And the King of *Sweden* and others, as they are in the Treaty 'twixt *England* and *France*.

The Treaty betwixt *France* and the States of *Holland* conſiſts of 21 Articles; The principal of which are, That there ſhall be a perpetual Peace betwixt them and their Subjects. That by vertue of the ſaid Treaty, they ſhall promote one anothers Welfare, agree to no other Treaty to one anothers diſadvantage, but break the ſame, and the firſt that it's propoſed to ſhall diſcover it: That any goods taken into Arreſt, or Confiſcated on either ſide, ſhall be reſtored without regard to difference of Religion. That the Count *d' Auvergne* ſhall be reſtored to the Marquiſate of *Bergen op Zoom*. That all Conqueſts in and out of *Europe* ſhall be mutually reſtored. That Priſoners of War ſhall be releaſed without Ranſom. All Contributions and Arrears ſhall ceaſe upon the Ratification. All pretenſions ſhall be annulled on both ſides, the better to prevent a Rupture. Subjects on both ſides ſhall have Juſtice done them in the ordinary way, without having recourſe to Letters of Repriſal. If any thing be acted againſt this Treaty, the Tranſgreſſors ſhall only be puniſhed. In caſe of a Rupture, the Subjects on both ſides ſhall have 9 Months to withdraw their Effects: The Treaty betwixt *France* and *Brandenburg* in 1679, ſhall be re-eſtabliſhed. That betwixt *France* and *Savoy* in 1696. confirmed. The King of *Sweden* ſhall be comprehended in this Treaty, and thoſe who in 6 Weeks after the Ratification ſhall be named by *France*, and on the part of their High and Mightineſſes, the Kings of *Great Britain* and *Spain*, and all the Allies, who ſhall declare they will accept of the Peace 6 Weeks after the Ratification, as alſo the 13 Swiſs Cantons, and particularly the Proteſtant Cantons, *Geneva*, and their Dependencies, the *Griſon* Leagues. *Neufchatel*, *St. Gall*, *Mulhauſe*, *Biehne*, *Bremen*, *Embden*, &c. and the King of *Sweden* and all other Potentates, may be Guarantees of this Treaty.

Hague, *Octaber* 22. The Articles betwixt the Emperor and *France* are not yet Signed, which is aſcribed to the Tricks of the French, that they may have opportunity to make new Propoſals. An account of all the Conferences is ſent to the King at *Loo*. Abundance of Veſſels are ready to ſail hence for *France*. It's thought the King will ſtay for ſome time at *Loo*. The Officers are forbidden to trouble his Majeſty there. We hear the *Muſcovite* Ambaſſadors are to have their Audience of Leave next Week and that an expedient is found out to furniſh them with ſome men of War, without doing any prejudice to our Trade in *Turky*.

Hague Oct. 22. We hear from *Turkey*, That they are much alarm'd at the Elector of *Saxony's* being choſen King of *Poland*, becauſe the *French* aſſured them, that *Conti* would carry it, and declare War againſt *Muſcovy*. We hear from *Dantzick*, That the *French* on board *Conti* Squadron began to grow very ſickly. And We are informed from *Dunkirk*, That the *French* Court have ordered their Privateers there to be put to Sea, and ſeiſe all the Ships belonging to *Dantzick*, becauſe they have declared for the Elector of *Saxony*.

Hague, *Oct.* 23. We hear the *Venetians* have ſunk divers Turkiſh Ships, and forc'd 7 Gallea's into Harbour. That the Engliſh have taken 9 French Merchant-men on the Banks of *Newfoundland*. The Engliſh and French Ambaſſadors have agreed to give mutual Paſſports for Engliſh and French Ships, that are to go long Voyages: All the Points betwixt the *Imperialiſts* and *France* are now adjuſted, except the Pretenſions of the Dutcheſs of *Orleance*, which it's thought will be accommodated in a few Days.

Paris, *Oct.* 18. The Re-eſtabliſhment of Trade with the *Dutch* hath been publiſhed here. The King that his Subjects may enjoy the Fruits of the Peace, hath ſuppreſſed the Capitation, the Utenſil and the Militia. It is not yet certain when We ſhall publiſh the Peace, ſome think that it will be deferred till the Emperor ſigns. It's ſaid the Marriage of the Duke of *Burgundy* is put off till *January*, becauſe the Jewels, *&c.* deſigned for the Wedding Suits cannot be got ready before that time. *M. Villeroy* is returned hither from *Flanders*. We hear, that the Prince of *Conti* hath not yet landed; and are impatient to hear of the ſucceſs of his Affairs, of which we are now very doubtful.

The Port Letters yeſterday ſay, That the *Content* Tranſport Ship, with 50. Engliſh Priſoners, is arrived at *Plimouth* from St. *Maloes*; from whence Captain *Purchaſe* is alſo at *Weymouth* with 130. The latter reports, that upon the Peace's being proclaimed at St. *Maloes*, which was on Saturday fennight, all the Priſon Doors where the Engliſh lay, were thrown open, That the *Irish* Souldiers there ſeem'd very much diſſatisfied at the Peaces being concluded; and that Companies, Wigs, Redcoats, *&c.* might be had there at an eaſie rate. They add, that a few days before they came away, a ſmall Engliſh Brigantine with Wine, from *Antegoa*, and a Spaniſh Veſſel of 260 Tuns, were brought in thither and that the Privateers and Men of War are laid up as they come in. The *Devonſhire*, and three other Men of War, are come into the *Downes* from *Scotland*, in order to be laid up. Sir *Cloudeſly Shovel* continues ſtill in the *Downes* with 8 or 10 of his Majeſties Ships.

London. There are Letters in Town by the laſt Mail, intimating, That the French King, upon diſbanding his Soldiers, had given orders to his General Officers, to acquaint their Soldiers, That it was not his inclination to diſoblige thoſe who had been ſerviceable to him; but the Peace being concluded, He was willing to eaſe ſuch as had been ſupporters of the War, and wiſhed every one to retire to their native Countries to improve the ground; promiſing them a reward for their Services. And that to thoſe who were incapable to follow the Art of War, he would give Recommendations; and ordered them to give them thanks for what they have done.

There are alſo Letters which ſay, That all the Commotions in *Poland* are procured by the Natives on purpoſe to draw what Money they can from each of the Competitors, into the Kingdom, where it has been very ſcarce for ſome years; and that afterwards they deſign to declare: And that the greateſt part of the Nobility, Gentry, *&c.* having already joyned with the Elector of *Saxony*, it is not doubted that the Prince of *Conti* will fail in his Enterprize.